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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/568,982	02/21/2006	Jeffery S. Bradley	63036A	8860	
109 7590 09/24/2007 THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY SECTION, P. O. BOX 1967			EXAMINER		
			LU, C CAIXIA		
MIDLAND, M	1 48641-1967	•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1713		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			09/24/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/568,982	BRADLEY ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Caixia Lu	1713			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DAISING OF MAILING THE MAILING DAISING OF MAILING OF	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirr vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 July 2007.					
•	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>6-14</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
·	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
· <u> </u>	Claim(s) <u>1-5 and 15-20</u> is/are rejected.					
· <u> </u>	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)[	Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> are subject to restriction and/or e	election requirement.				
Applicati	ion Papers					
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10)	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti		•			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)⊠	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	)-(d) or (f).			
a)	a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:					
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in Application	on No			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior		ed in this National Stage			
	application from the International Bureau	, ,,,				
. * \$	See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies not receive	d.			
Attachmen	t(s)					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
3) Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

#### Election/Restrictions

1. Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

Group I, claim(s) 1-5 and 15-20, drawn to a catalyst composition.

Group II, claim(s) 6-14, drawn to a polymerization process.

- 2. The inventions listed as Groups I and II do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: the catalyst of Group I taught in the prior, e.g. Rebhan (US 5,432,244). As the recited catalyst does not make a contribution over the prior art, i.e. the special technical feature(s) is anticipated by or obvious in view of the prior art, unity of invention is lacking and restriction is appropriate.
- 3. Applicant has amended claims and added new claims. Since newly added claims introduced new limitations such as titanium residual and xylene soluble limitations in claims 13 and 14 of Group II, Group I is considered representative of the subjection matter already under examination. Therefore, Group II, claims 6-14 are

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withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

4. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. Claims 1-5 and 15-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Rebhan (US 5,432,244) in view of Seeger et al. (US 5,414,063).

The instant claims are directed to a Ziegler-Natta catalyst composition and a polymerization process thereof, wherein the catalyst composition comprising (i) a procatalyst containing a transition metal compound and an internal electron-donor of an ester of aromatic monocarboxylic acid, (ii) an alkylaluminum cocatalyst, and a mixture of different selectivity control agents (SCA) comprising an ester of aromatic monocarboxylic acid and dicyclopentyldimethoxysilane.

Rebhan teaches a Ziegler-Natta for olefin polymerization comprising (i) a procatalyst containing a transition metal compound and an internal electron-donor of an ester of aromatic mono- or dicarboxylic acid, (ii) an alkylaluminum cocatalyst, and a mixture of different selectivity control agents (SCA) comprising an ester of aromatic monocarboxylic acid and an alkoxysilane compound (col. 1, line 57 to col. 4, line 68; and Examples 2-3 and 5-16).

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While the catalyst compositions of Rebhan's Examples 2-3 and 5-16 are substantially similar to those of the instant claims except that the silane SCA used in Rebhan's Examples is not dicyclopentyldimethoxysilane of the instant claims. While Rebhan does not expressly teach dicyclopentyldimethoxysilane, Rebhan does not exclude any kind of alkoxysilanes as the SCA. Dicyclopentyl-dimethoxysilane was well known and commonly used at the time of invention, and such is disclosed in Seeger (col. 6, line 48). Therefore, dicyclopentyldimethoxysilane would have been an obvious alkoxysilane choice for Rebhan.

Thus, it would have obvious to a skilled artisan to employ Rebhan's teaching and use dicyclopentyldimethoxysilane to prepare the catalyst composition since such is within the scope of Rebhan's teaching and in the absence of any showing criticality and unexpected results.

### Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed July 19, 2007 have been fully considered. The rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Seeger et al. (US 5,414,063) is withdrawn in view applicants' Remark. Indeed, Seeger's external electron donor PEEB used in the working examples is not a part of the catalyst and the function of PEEB is to terminate the polymerization. Therefore, Seeger does not teach or reasonably suggest the instant claims.

Applicants argue that Rebhan fails to disclose or suggest the SCA of alkoxysilane to be dicyclopentyldimethoxysilane. The examiner disagrees. While Rebhan does not expressly teach dicyclopentyldimethoxysilane, Rebhan does not

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exclude any alkoxysilanes as the SCAs. Dicyclopentyldimethoxy-silane was well known and commonly used at the time of invention, and such is disclosed in Seeger (col. 6, line 48)). Therefore, dicyclopentyldimethoxysilane would have been an obvious alkoxysilane choice for Rebhan.

Applicants indicate that the catalyst composition comprising of SCA mixture of dicyclopentyldimethoxysilane and ethyl p-ethyoxybenzoate provides unexpected higher catalyst activity compared to catalyst with SCA mixture of methylcyclohexyldimethoxysilane and ethyl p-ethyoxybenzoate (PEEB) as shown in Table 1 of the specification. However, such a showing is not commensurate to the scope of the instant claims and is not based on the working examples of the cited prior art. Except claim 12, the catalyst of instant claims do not limit the esters of monocarboxylic acids to PEEB only, however, the showing of unexpected result is limited to PEEB. While the alkoxylsilanes used in the working examples of Rebhan are diisobutyldimethoxysilane and ethyltriethoxysilane, applicants' comparison is based on methylcyclohexyldimethoxysilane and n-propyltrimethoxysilane which are different from Rebhan. That is, the showing is not based the closest prior art. To rebut a prima facie case of obviousness, applicant must compare his claimed invention to the closet prior art. In re Merchant, 575 F. 2d 865, 869, 197 USPQ 785, 788 (CCPA 1978). Therefore, applicants' showing is not probative of any Patentability.

In view of the foregoing, the rejection over Rebhan is maintained.

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#### Conclusion

4. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Caixia Lu whose telephone number is (571) 272-1106. The examiner can normally be reached from 9:00 am to 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful and the matter is urgent, the examiner's supervisor, David Wu, can be reached at (571) 272-1114. The fax numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-1700.

Caixia Lu, Ph. D. Primary Examiner